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APPARATUS FOR SECURING WATER AERATING DEVICES TO AIR SUPPLY CONDUITS

Background of the Invention

The present invention relates to an apparatus for securing aerating devices, for aerating water with fine bubbles, to air supply conduits. The aerating devices are secured to the air supply line by means of a mounting, whereby the aerating devices are detachably connected to the mounting and are supplied with air via this mounting.

With the heretofore known apparatus of this type, the aerating device is provided with a tubular connector that is connected with the mounting by a screw thread. Especially with elongated aerating devices, this type of fastening not only takes too much time, but is also connected with the drawback that it is almost impossible to carry out the necessary thread movement for effecting a fastening due to the presence of adjacent devices.

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide an apparatus of the aforementioned general type according to which all aerating devices that are possible can be rapidly and reliably secured to the mounting.

Brief Description of the Drawing

This object, and other objects and advantages of the present

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invention, will appear more clearly from the following specification in conjunction with the accompanying schematic drawing, in which:

Fig. 1	is a cross-sectional view through one exemplary
	embodiment of an inventive apparatus for securing
	an elongated, tubular aerating device to a collector
	tube;

Fig. 2	is a partial top view of an active portion of the
	aerating device that gives off small air bubbles;

Fig. 3	is an isometric view of the portion of the aerating
	device that is provided for the connection location;

Fig. 4	is an isometric view showing the connection location
	between the collector tube and the aerating device;
	and

Fig. 5 shows a modified exemplary embodiment of the apparatus of Fig. 1 having a different connection between the air supply tube and the mounting for the securement of the aeration device.

Summary of the Invention

The apparatus of the present invention is characterized primarily in that the mounting is provided with at least one linearly extending, groove-like, laterally undercut recess into which can be inserted a

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projection on the aerating device, which projection corresponds to the cross-section of the recess, in order in this way to be able to provide a connection between the mounting and the aerating device by means of a horizontal insertion movement. In this connection, it is also possible to provide the recess on the air supply device and the corresponding projection on the mounting. It is particularly advantageous in this connection if the connection is embodied as a dovetail connection.

In order in addition to be able to provide an adequate sealing of the air passage relative to the water in the region of the connection location, a seal is provided that extends into the insertion path and is sealingly deformable during the insertion process. As a consequence of the deforming seal, not only is a sealing effect achieved, but in addition at the same time a fixation of the connection is achieved that, however, in certain cases can also be reinforced by further fixation means, such as small screws.

The securement of the mounting on the air supply conduit (the connector conduit) can also be detachable by means of clamps or hooks.

However, i+1Xt is also possible to provide the mounting with thin arms that can be connected to the wall of the air supply line by being screwed or glued thereto.

Although the aerating devices can be embodied as elongated

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tubes, it is also possible to use plate-shaped aerating devices and further tubular ends that lead directly to an aerating device or are a component thereof. In this connection, the aerating devices can be mounted above and/or below the air supply conduit. In all cases the aforementioned advantages are achieved as a consequence of the present invention.

Further specific features of the present invention will be described in detail subsequently.

Description of Preferred Embodiments

Referring now to the drawing in detail, the aerating device essentially comprises a holding tube 1, which is provided on the inside with spacer ribs 1', a carrying tube 2 that projects beyond both ends of the holding tube 1, and a thin hose 3 of rubber or similar elastomeric material that tightly surrounds the carrying tube 2. The hose 3 is held on the end of the holding tube 1 and on the end of the carrying tube 2 by means of clamping rings or collars 4 that are disposed at that location. The hose 3 is furthermore provided with a plurality of small slits 5 through which fine air bubbles can escape into the water. The slits 5 open under the effect of internal air pressure, and close when the internal pressure has dropped below a certain level.

The supply of air is effected via a hard conduit 6 of polymeric material (collector tube) that forms the air supply conduit for generally a

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plurality of aerating devices. Secured to the polymeric conduit 6 is a mounting 7 with which the holding tube 1 is detachably connectable.

The holding tube 1 is provided with a radially extending hole or bore 8 via which, from the polymeric conduit 6, the slightly compressed air, via a sleeve 9 that projects into the conduit 6, passes in the direction of the arrows 10 between the holding tube 1 and the carrying tube 2, and finally passes between the carrying tube 2 and the two hoses 3, from which, as indicated above, the air passes into the water.

The mounting 7, which is made of polymeric material, is provided with two thin arms 11 that rest upon the outside of the polymeric conduit 6; the arms 11 are fixedly connected to the conduit 6, for example by being glued thereto. However, this connection could also be established or reinforced by screws or bolts that pass through the arms or walls 11. In addition, the underside of the mounting 7 is provided with an elongated or linearly extending, laterally undercut groove or recess 12 (trapezoidal or tapered groove) that serves for receiving a correspondingly shaped, i.e. trapezoidal, projection 13 of the holding tube 1. In this connection, the elements 12, 13 expediently extend transverse to the holding tube 1, in other words, in the direction of the polymeric conduit 6 which is directed at right angles to the holding tube 1; on the whole, the elements 12, 13 are disposed essentially in a horizontal plane.

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For purposes of sealing and for fixing the dovetail connection, the rigid sleeve 9 is surrounded by a seal 14 that is made of rubber or the like and that has a thicker bottom. The dimension of this seal is such that its bead-like thickened portion at the bottom extends into the path of the projection 13 prior to the establishment of the dovetail connection. At the same time, the seal 14 also rests sealingly against the rim of the opening of the polymeric conduit 6 that is provided for receiving the seal 14 and the sleeve 9. This ensures that the air supplied from the polymeric conduit 6 can pass only under the hose 3. If the connection is now established, i.e. the projection 13 is inserted, the seal 14 is elastically deformed, thereby providing a sealing and holding effect.

This embodiment of the apparatus has the great advantage that the polymeric conduit 6 can be provided at desired locations with a mounting 7. The already assembled parts of the aerating device (the parts 1, 13, 2, 3 and 4) can then be easily connected with the mounting 7 by insertion.

As shown in the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 5, instead of the glued and/or screwed-on arms 11, arms 15 that at the upper end have a hook-like configuration can be used. The end hook 16 of clamps 17 engage the hooks of the arms 15 with tension; the clamps 17 span the polymeric conduit 6 in order in this way to also achieve a detachability of

the mounting 7.

All of the components of the apparatus, with the exception of the seal 14, are embodied as molded polymeric parts, whereby however the clamp 17 must be elastically bendable.

The specification incorporates by reference the disclosure of German priority document DE 100 41 147.9 of 21 August 2000.

The present invention is, of course, in no way restricted to the specific disclosure of the specification and drawing, but also encompasses any modifications within the scope of the appended claims.

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